#### **STRUCTURE 65E**

This structure is a reinforced concrete, gated spillway with discharge controlled by six cable operated vertical lift gates and a reinforced concrete lock structure with two pairs of sector gates. Operation of the spillway gates is manually controlled. The structure is located on Canal 38 about 7.3 miles downstream from S-65D and 49 miles downstream from Lake Kissimmee.

#### **PURPOSE**

This structure maintains optimum upstream water control stages in Canal 38, the Kissimmee River; it passes the design flood (30% of the Standard Project Flood) without exceeding the upstream flood design stage and restricts downstream flood stages and channel velocities to the non-damaging levels of the design flood, even if the inflow exceeds that flood; and it passes sufficient discharge during low-flow periods to maintain downstream stages and irrigation demands.

#### SPILLWAY OPERATION

This structure will be operated, subject to hydraulic and structural restraint, to maintain an optimum headwater elevation of 21.0, insofar as possible.

#### Structure Limitations

The maximum water level drop across the structure will be 10.5 feet.

#### **Hydraulic Limitations**

To prevent damage from high velocity discharge, the gate opening will be limited in accordance with the "Maximum Allowable Gate Opening Curve".

### LOCK OPERATION

The hydraulic system is designed to provide two gate speeds of operation. Normal speed is determined by the hydraulic pump capacity and will result in a

peripheral gate speed of approximately 6.75 feet per minute which is equivalent to a full gate travel in three minutes. A manually variable slow speed is achieved by reducing the quantity of oil flowing to the hydraulic motor accomplished by energizing a solenoid valve thereby connecting in a variable flow bleedoff or bypass system. Slow speed will be considered as effecting a three feet per minute peripheral gate speed.

Standard Project Flood

Starting and stopping of pump power unit and the direction and normal or slow speed of gate travel will be manually controlled by the operator except that the gate speed will automatically shift to slow for the last six inches of gate travel to either the full open or closed position. This six inch limit may be changed in the field as conditions dictate and the slow speed is manually variable by an adjustment of the flow control valve to compensate for seasonal or other extreme variations of differential water levels.

The schedule of lock operation, as established by the U.S. Corps of Engineers in accordance with the River and Harbor Act of August 8, 1917 (40 Stat. 266; 33 U.S.C.1) is as follows:

Monday through Friday	All year	7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.
Saturday and Sunday	Mar. 1 through Oct. 31	5:30 a.m. to 7:30 p.m.
Saturday and Sunday	Nov. 1 through Feb. 28	5:30 a.m. to 6:30 p.m.

#### FLOOD DISCHARGE CHARACTERISTICS

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Discharge Rate	<u>24,000</u> cfs	<u>26,000*</u> cfs
	<u>30</u> % SPF	
Headwater Elevation	<u>22.0</u> feet	<u>24.2</u> feet
Tailwater Elevation	<u>19.2</u> feet	<u>19.0</u> feet
Type Discharge	uncontrolled submerged	controlled* submerged

Design

#### DESCRIPTION OF SPILLWAY STRUCTURE

Type reinforced concrete gated spillway

Weir Crest

Net Length 162 feet

Elevation 9.7 feet

Service Bridge Elevation 32.5 feet

Water Level which will by-pass structure 32.5 feet

#### Gates

Number 6

Size 13.8 ft. high by 27.8 ft. wide

Type vertical lift gates

Bottom elevation of gates, full open 23.3 feet Normal,

31.4 feet Maximum

Top elevation of gates, full closed 23.4 feet

Control manual

Lifting Mechanism

Normal power source commercial electricity

Emergency power source <u>lp gas engine driven generator</u>

Type Hoist Hydraulic cylinder activated by electric motor

driven hydraulic pump, connected to gate by steel cables.

\*Type and rate of discharge with no limitation on gate opening. Gate opening limitation will restrict discharge rate to 19,000 cfs. If gates opened sufficiently for uncontrolled flow, discharge would exceed 30,000 cfs.

Date of Transfer: October 16, 1967

ACCESS: From State Road #70 via about one mile of access road.

Points of possible flooding

## HYDRAULIC AND HYDROLOGIC MEASUREMENTS

Water Level: Remote upstream and downstream digital recorders

Gate Position Recorder: Remote Digital Recorder

Other:

### SPILLWAY DEWATERING FACILITIES

Storage Okeechobee Field Station

Type steel bulkheads

Size and Number (per bay)

Revised 4/7/03

The spillway gate section can be dewatered by using eleven standard bulkheads and one special bulkhead. These bulkheads shall be oriented and placed in the bulkhead recesses of the spillway with the skin plate side of the bulkheads facing the spillway gate. The bulkheads can be stacked on top of each other to a maximum of 6 bulkheads on the upstream side and 6 bulkheads on the downstream side in order to dewater the spillway gate section. The one special bulkhead shall be placed first in the upstream bulkhead recess and then up to 5 standard bulkheads may be stacked on top of the special bulkhead. Each bulkhead is 3'-5" high, 1'-9" wide, and 28'-7" long.

#### DESCRIPTION OF LOCK STRUCTURE

Type reinforced concrete lock, with two pairs of gates

Operating Deck Elevations 26.5 feet

Lock

Length 90 feet Width 30 feet

Invert Elevations 6.5 and 12.5 feet

Gates

Type sector

upper 22.0

Size <u>lower 12.0</u> feet high; <u>18.8</u> feet radius

Control manual

Operating Mechanism

Normal Power Source commercial electricity

Emergency Power Source <u>LP engine driven generator</u>

Type <u>double wire rope drum unit with worm type speed reducer</u>,

powered by electric motor driven hydraulic pump.

# **Dewatering Facilities**

Location Okeechobee Field Station

Type steel bulkheads

Size and Number <u>Upstream 5 each</u>

1'-6" wide X 3'-6" high X 31'-3" long

<u>Downstream - same</u>